The SAGE Encyclopedia of FILIPINA/X/O AMERICAN STUDIES

Editorial Board

Editors

Kevin Leo Yabut Nadal City University of New York

Allyson Tintiangco-Cubales San Francisco State University

E. J. R. David University of Alaska Anchorage

Editorial Board

Edward R. Curammeng California State University, Dominguez Hills

Lou Collette S. Felipe University of Colorado School of Medicine

Karen Buenavista Hanna Connecticut College

Joyce R. Javier Keck School of Medicine of the University of Southern California

Emily P. Lawsin University of Michigan

Anthony Christian Ocampo Cal Poly Pomona

> Ricardo Jose Reyes Lafayette College

Robyn Magalit Rodriguez Bulosan Center for Filipino Studies, University of California, Davis

Jocyl Sacramento California State University, East Bay

Joy Sales California State University, Los Angeles

Distinguished Advisory Board

Dorothy Laigo Cordova Filipino American National Historical Society

Daniel P. Gonzales
San Francisco State University

Luis H. Francia New York University

Leny Mendoza Strobel Center for Babaylan Studies

The SAGE Encyclopedia of FILIPINA/X/O AMERICAN STUDIES



Edited by

Kevin Leo Yabut Nadal City University of New York

Allyson Tintiangco-Cubales San Francisco State University

E. J. R. David

University of Alaska Anchorage





FOR INFORMATION:

SAGE Publications, Inc. 2455 Teller Road Thousand Oaks, California 91320 E-mail: order@sagepub.com

SAGE Publications Ltd. 1 Oliver's Yard 55 City Road London, EC1Y 1SP United Kingdom

SAGE Publications India Pvt. Ltd.
B 1/I 1 Mohan Cooperative Industrial Area
Mathura Road, New Delhi 110 044
India

SAGE Publications Asia-Pacific Pte. Ltd. 18 Cross Street #10-10/11/12 China Square Central Singapore 048423

Production Editor: Astha Jaiswal Copy Editor: Hurix Digital Typesetter: Hurix Digital

Acquisitions Editor: Kaitlin Ciarmiello Developmental Editor: Sanford Robinson Editorial Services Lead: Leticia Gutierrez

Proofreader: Lawrence W. Baker, Eleni Maria Georgiou

Cover Designer: Candice Harman Marketing Manager: Gabrielle Perretta Copyright © 2022 by SAGE Publications, Inc.

All rights reserved. No part of this book may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, or by any information storage and retrieval system, without permission in writing from the publisher.

All trade names and trademarks recited, referenced, or reflected herein are the property of their respective owners who retain all rights thereto.

Printed in the United States of America

ISBN: 9781071828991

This book is printed on acid-free paper.

22 23 24 25 26 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

Contents

Volume 1

List of Entries *vi*Reader's Guide *xi*About the Editors *xvii*List of Contributors *xviii*Introduction *xxiv*

Entries

A	1	Е	293
В	89	F	331
C	145	G	423
D	233	H	447

Volume 2

List of Entries *vi*Reader's Guide *xi*

Entries

I	515	Q	791
J	569	R	799
K	575	S	831
L	591	T	941
M	617	U	985
N	687	V	1009
O	711	W	1033
Р	723		

Appendix A: Chronology of Filipina/x/o American Studies 1055

Appendix B: Resource Guide 1059

Index 1063

List of Entries

Abuse

Academia, Filipina/x/o Americans in

Acculturation

Activism and Education

Adams v. Howerton

Adolescent Pregnancy

Alaska, Filipina/x/os in

Alaska Salmon Canneries

Alaskeros

Alcohol Use

Alegado, Dean

Alejandro, Reynaldo

Alien Land Laws

America Is in the Heart

American Dream

Angel Island

Anthologies, Filipina/x/o American

Anti-Asian Immigration Policies

Anti-Martial Law Movement

Anti-Miscegenation Laws

Anxiety

Arrival of Filipinos in California, 1587

Arts and Humanities, Filipina/x/o Americans in

Asian American Panethnicity

Asian American Studies

Assassinations of Silme Domingo and Gene

Viernes

Assimilation

Asthma

Babaylan Studies

Bahala Na

Basketball Leagues, Filipino American

Bataan Death March

Battle of Manila (1945)

Beauty Pageants

Benevolent Assimilation Proclamation

Bipolar Disorder

Blackipinos

Brain Drain

Breast Cancer

Bridge Generation

Broadway, Filipina/x/o Americans or

Brooklyn Navy Yard

Brown, Helen Agcaoili Summers

Brown Asian American Movement

Brown Skin, White Minds: Filipino-/American

Postcolonial Psychology

Buchholdt, Thelma Garcia

Bulosan, Carlos

Bulosan Center for Filipino Studies

Business and Entrepreneurship, Filipina/x/o

Americans in

California, Filipina/x/os in

Cardiovascular Disease

Catholicism

Children's Literature, Filipina/x/o Americans in

Christianity

Citizenship Eligibility

Civil Rights Movement

College Student Activism

College Student Organizations

College Student Services

Colonial Mentality

Colonialism

Colorism

Comedians, Filipina/x/o American

Comics, Animation, and Illustration, Filipina/x/o

American

Coming Full Circle: The Process of

Decolonization Among Post-1965 Filipino

Americans

Community Development

Community Health

Community-Based Participatory Research

Conceptual Art, Filipina/x/o Americans in

Cordova, Fred and Dorothy

COVID-19 and Filipina/x/o Americans

Crab Mentality

Criminal Justice System, Filipina/x/o Americans and the

Critical Filipina and Filipino Studies Collective

Critical Leadership Praxis Critical Race Theory Cultural Mistrust Cultural Stigma

Dance, Filipina/x/o Americans in

Data Disaggregation

Debuts

DeCano v. State (1941) Decolonial Healing Practices

Decolonization Del Mundo, Fe

Delano, Filipina/x/o Americans in

Delano Grape Strike

Delano Manongs: Forgotten Heroes of the United Farm Workers

Depression

Developmental Disabilities

Diabetes

Discrimination and Health DJs, Filipina/x/o American

Documentaries, Filipina/x/o American

Dogeaters

Domestic Workers

Domestic Workers Movement Draves, Victoria Manalo

Dreamland Exhibit in Coney Island

Dual Citizenship

East Coast, Filipina/x/o Americans on the

Eating Disorders

Educational Achievement of Filipina/x/o

American K–12 Students

Elder Care Ellis Island

Empire and Immigration

Empire of Care: Nursing and Migration in

Filipino American History

Enculturation English Proficiency

Ethnic Identity Development

Ethnic Studies

Faith Healers

Family Reunification Family Structure Far West Conventions Farmworkers, Filipino American Fashion, Filipina/x/o American

Feminism

Filipina American Women

Filipina/x/o American Adoptees

Filipina/x/o American Regional and Fraternal

Organizations

Filipina/x/o American Studies

Filipina/x/o American Waves and Eras Filipina/x/o Americans With Disabilities Filipina/x/o Transnational Organizations

Filipina/x/o-Latinx Relations

Filipina/x/o-Pacific Islander Relations

Filipino American History Month

Filipino American Men

Filipino American National Historical Society Filipino American Psychology: A Handbook of

Theory, Research, and Clinical Practice Filipino Americans: Transformation and Identity

Filipino Student Bulletin

Filipino Veterans Recognition and Education

Project

Filipino Youth Activities Filipino–Black Relations

Filipino-Native American Relations

Films, Filipina/x/o American

First-Generation Filipina/x/o Americans

Florida, Filipina/x/os in Food, Filipina/x/o American

Gangs, Filipina/x/o American

Gender Identity

Gender Role Socialization

Generation 1.5, Filipina/x/o Americans

Global Divas: Filipino Gay Men in the Diaspora

Gonzalez, NVM

Gout

Government and Law, Filipina/x/o Americans in

Hanapēpē Massacre

Hawai'i, Filipina/x/o Americans in Hawai'i Sugarcane Plantations

Health Care

Health Care Workers Health-Seeking Behaviors Help-Seeking Behaviors

Heterosexism

Hilot

Hip-Hop, Filipina/x/o Americans and

Historical Figures Historical Trauma

History, Filipina/x/o American: An Overview HIV/AIDS Among Filipino Men in San Francisco *Hiya*

Human Trafficking

Identity Terms, Filipina/x/o Americans and

Iglesia ni Cristo

Illinois, Filipina/x/o Americans in

Immigrant Rights Immigration

Immigration and Nationality Act of 1965

Immigration Quotas

Immigration Reform Act of 1990

Impostor Phenomenon

Indigenous Peoples of the Philippines

Indipinos

Intergenerational Conflict Internalized Oppression International Hotel Intersectionality Theory Intimate Partner Violence

Itliong, Larry

Journalism

Justice for Angelo Quinto

Kalanduyan, Danny

Kapwa

Katipunan ng Demokratikong Pilipino (KDP)

Kearny Street Workshop

KULARTS Kulintang Kuwento

Labor Market Patterns

Labor Movements, Filipina/x/o American Language and Filipina/x/o Americans

LGBTQ Rights Movement, Filipina/x/o American

Little Manila Is in the Heart

Liwanag

Los Angeles, Filipina/x/os in Louisiana, Filipina/x/os in Luce–Celler Act of 1946

Lung Cancer

Mabalon, Dawn Bohulano

Mail-Order Brides

Manila Men

Marasigan, Violeta "Bullet" Martial Arts, Filipino

Martial Law

Mata, Flora Arca

Medicine, Filipina/x/o Americans in Memoirs, Filipina/x/o American

Mental Health Treatment, Filipina/x/o Americans

and Mestizo

Mexipino Michigan, Filipina/x/os in

Midwest, Filipina/x/o Americans in the

Military Bases Agreement, 1947

Model Minority Myth

Morales, Royal Motherscholar

Multiracial Filipina/x/o Americans Murals, Filipina/x/o American Murder of Celine Navarro Murder of Joseph Ileto

Musical Arts, Filipina/x/o Americans in

Muslim Filipina/x/o Americans

National Federation of Filipino American

Associations Naturalization

Neo-Colonialism

Nevada, Filipina/x/o Americans in New York City, Filipina/x/os in Novels, Filipina/x/o American Nursing, Filipina/x/o Americans in

Obesity

Oregon, Filipina/x/o Americans in Overseas Filipina/x/o Workers

Pakikisama

Parenting, Filipina/x/o American

Pediatrics Pensionados

Performance, Filipina/x/o American

Personality Disorders

Phenotype

Philippine–American War

Philippine–American Friendship Day Philippine Immigration Act of 1940

Philippine Independence

Philippine Independence Day Parades Philippine Repatriation Act of 1935 Philippine Studies

Photography, Filipina/x/o Americans in

Physical Activity

Pilipino Cultural Nights

Pin@y Educational Partnerships (PEP)

Pinayism Pinoy Teach

Poetry, Filipina/x/o American

Political Participation

Protest of Association for Asian American Studies

Award for Blu's Hanging

Psychology

Public Health, Filipina/x/o Americans in

Queer Filipina/x/o Americans

Queer Studies

Racial Microaggressions

Racialization of Filipina/x/o Americans

Racism

Rappin' With Ten Thousand Carabaos in the

Dark

Regional Trends

Remittances

Reproductive Cancer

Reproductive Health

Rescission Act of 1946

Riots in Yakima Valley, Washington

Robles, Al

Roldan v. Los Angeles County

Romulo, Carlos

San Buenaventura, Steffi

San Diego, Filipina/x/o Americans in

San Francisco, Filipina/x/os in

Santos, Bob

Schizophrenia

Seattle and Greater Washington, Filipina/x/o

Americans in

Second-Generation Filipina/x/o Americans

September 11th Attacks

Serafica, Felicisima "Ping"

Settlement at St. Malo, Louisiana

Sexism

Sexual Health

Sexual Orientation Identity Development

Sikolohiyang Pilipino

Social Class, Filipina/x/o Americans and

Social Media, Filipina/x/o Americans and

Social Work, Filipina/x/o Americans and

Sociology and Social Issues

Somatization

Sorro, Bill

South, Filipina/x/o Americans in the

Southwest, Filipina/x/o Americans in the

Spanish Galleon Trade

Spanish-American War

Spoken Word, Filipina/x/o American in

Sports, Filipina/x/o Americans and

St. Louis World's Fair

STEM, Filipina/x/o Americans in

Stereotype Threat

Stockton, Filipina/x/o Americans in

Subgroups, Filipina/x/o American

Substance Use

Suicide

Taxi Dance Halls

Texas, Filipina/x/os in

The Forbidden Book: The Philippine-American

War in Political Cartoons

The "Other" Students: Filipino Americans,

Education, and Power

The Latinos of Asia: How Filipino Americans

Break the Rules of Race

The War of 1812

Theater, Filipina/x/o American

Theology, Filipina/x/o Americans and

Third- and Fourth-Generation Filipina/x/o

Americans

Third World Liberation Front Movement

Tobacco Use

Toribio, Helen

Transgender and Nonbinary Filipinx Americans

Transnationalism

Trauma

Tydings-McDuffie Act of 1934

Undocumented Filipina/x/o Americans

U.S. Civil War, Filipino Americans and

U.S. Military, Filipina/x/o Americans in

U.S. Navy, Filipino Americans in

U.S. v. Narciso and Perez

U.S. Territories, Filipina/x/os in

Utang na Loob

Vera Cruz, Philip

Veterans, Filipino

Vietnam War

Villa, Carlos

Villa, José Garcia Virginia, Filipina/x/os in Visas Visual Arts, Filipina/x/o Americans in Voting Patterns of Filipina/x/o Americans

War Brides Act Wards Cove Packing Co. v. Atonio Washington, DC, Filipina/x/os in
Watsonville Riots of 1930
Western, Complementary, and Alternative
Medicine
White Man's Burden
Working-Class Filipina/x/o
Americans
World War II

Reader's Guide

Activism and Education

Academia, Filipina/x/o Americans in

Anti-Martial Law Movement

Asian American Panethnicity

Asian American Studies

Babaylan Studies

Brown Asian American Movement

Bulosan Center for Filipino Studies

Civil Rights Movement

College Student Activism

College Student Organizations

College Student Services

Coming Full Circle: The process of

Decolonization Among Post-1965 Filipino **Americans**

Community Development

Critical Filipina and Filipino Studies Collective

Critical Leadership Praxis

Critical Race Theory

Delano Grape Strike

Domestic Workers Movement

Educational Achievement of Filipina/x/o

American K–12 Students

English Proficiency

Ethnic Studies

Feminism

Filipino American History Month

Filipino American National Historical Society

Filipina/x/o American Studies

Filipino Veterans Recognition and Education

Proiect

Filipino Americans: Transformation and Identity

Identity Terms, Filipina/x/o Americans and

Intersectionality Theory

Justice for Angelo Quinto

Katipunan ng Demokratikong Pilipino (KDP)

Kuwento

Labor Movements, Filipina/x/o American

Language and Filipina/x/o Americans

LGBTQ Rights Movement, Filipina/x/o American

Model Minority Myth

Motherscholar

National Federation of Filipino American

Associations

Philippine Studies

Pin@y Educational Partnerships (PEP)

Pinayism

Pinoy Teach

Protest of Association for Asian American Studies

Award for Blu's Hanging

The "Other" Students: Filipino Americans,

Education, and Power

Theology, Filipina/x/o Americans and

Third World Liberation Front Movement

Arts and Humanities

America Is in the Heart

Anthologies, Filipina/x/o American

Arts and Humanities, Filipina/x/o Americans in

Broadway, Filipina/x/o Americans on

Children's Literature, Filipina/x/o Americans in

Comedians, Filipina/x/o American

Comics, Animation, and Illustration, Filipina/x/o

American

Conceptual Art, Filipina/x/o Americans in

Dance, Filipina/x/o Americans in

Delano Manongs: Forgotten Heroes of the United

Farm Workers

DJs, Filipina/x/o American

Documentaries, Filipina/x/o American

Dogeaters

Fashion, Filipina/x/o American

Filipina/x/o American Studies

Films, Filipina/x/o American

Hip-Hop, Filipina/x/o Americans and

Iournalism

Kearny Street Workshop

KULARTS

Kulintang

Little Manila Is in the Heart

Liwanag

Martial Arts, Filipino

Memoirs, Filipina/x/o American Murals, Filipina/x/o American

Musical Arts, Filipina/x/o Americans in

Novels, Filipina/x/o American

Performance, Filipina/x/o American

Photography, Filipina/x/o Americans in

Pilipino Cultural Nights

Poetry, Filipina/x/o American

Queer Studies

Rappin' With Ten Thousand Carabaos in the Dark

Spoken Word, Filipina/x/o Americans in

Theater, Filipina/x/o American

The Forbidden Book: The Philippine-American

War in Political Cartoons

Visual Arts, Filipina/x/o Americans in

Health

Adolescent Pregnancy

Alcohol Use

Asthma

Breast Cancer

Cardiovascular Disease

Community-Based Participatory Research

Community Health

COVID-19 and Filipina/x/o Americans

Data Disaggregation

Decolonial Healing Practices

Developmental Disabilities

Diabetes

Discrimination and Health

Eating Disorders

Elder Care

Faith Healers

Gout

Health

Health Care

Health Care Workers

Health-Seeking Behaviors

Hilot

HIV/AIDS Among Filipino Men in San Francisco

Lung Cancer

Medicine, Filipina/x/o Americans in

Mental Health Treatment, Filipina/x/o Americans

and

Nursing, Filipina/x/o Americans in

Obesity

Pediatrics

Physical Activity

Public Health, Filipina/x/o Americans in

Reproductive Cancer

Reproductive Health

Schizophrenia

Sexual Health

Somatization

Substance Use

Suicide

Tobacco Use

Trauma

Western, Complementary, and Alternative

Medicine

Historical Figures

Alegado, Dean

Alejandro, Reynaldo

Brown, Helen Agcaoili Summers

Buchholdt, Thelma Garcia

Bulosan, Carlos

Cordova, Fred and Dorothy

Del Mundo, Fe

Draves, Victoria Manalo

Gonzalez, NVM

Itliong, Larry

Kalanduyan, Danny

Mabalon, Dawn Bohulano

Marasigan, Violeta "Bullet"

Mata, Flora Arca

Morales, Royal

Robles, Al

Romulo, Carlos

San Buenaventura, Steffi

Santos, Bob

Serafica, Felicisima "Ping"

Sorro, Bill

Toribio, Helen

Vera Cruz, Philip

Villa, Carlos

Villa, José Garcia

History

Adams v. Howerton

Alaska Salmon Canneries

Alaskeros

America Is in the Heart

Angel Island

Anti-Martial Law Movement

Anti-Miscegenation Laws

Arrival of Filipinos in California, 1587

Assassinations of Silme Domingo and Gene

Viernes

Bataan Death March Battle of Manila (1945)

Benevolent Assimilation Proclamation

Brooklyn Navy Yard

Brown Asian American Movement

Civil Rights Movement DeCano v. State (1941) Delano Grape Strike

Delano Manongs: Forgotten Heroes of the United

Farm Workers

Dreamland Exhibit in Coney Island

Ellis Island

Empire and **Immigration**

Filipina/x/o American Waves and Eras

Far West Conventions

Filipino American History Month

Filipino American National Historical Society

Filipino Student Bulletin Filipino Youth Activities Hanapēpē Massacre

Hawai'i Sugarcane Plantations

Immigration and Nationality Act of 1965

International Hotel

Katipunan ng Demokratikong Pilipino (KDP)

Little Manila Is in the Heart Luce-Celler Act of 1946 Military Bases Agreement, 1947

Manila Men

Murder of Celine Navarro Murder of Joseph Ileto

Pensionados

Philippine-American Friendship Day

Philippine–American War Philippine Independence

Philippine Repatriation Act of 1935

Rescission Act of 1946

Riots in Yakima Valley, Washington Roldan v. Los Angeles County

September 11th Attacks

Settlement at St. Malo, Louisiana

Spanish Galleon Trade Spanish–American War St. Louis World's Fair Taxi Dance Halls The War of 1812

Tydings-McDuffie Act of 1934

U.S. Civil War, Filipino Americans and

U.S. v. Narciso and Perez

Vietnam War War Brides Act

Wards Cove Packing Co. v. Atonio

Watsonville Riots of 1930 White Man's Burden

World War II

Immigration

Alien Land Laws Angel Island

Anti-Asian Immigration Policies

Anti-Miscegenation Laws

Brain Drain

Citizenship Eligibility Dual Citizenship

Ellis Island

Empire and Immigration Family Reunification

Filipina/x/o Transnational Organizations

Immigrant Rights
Immigration

Immigration and Nationality Act of 1965

Immigration Quotas

Immigration Reform Act of 1990

Luce–Celler Act of 1946 Mail-Order Brides

Military Bases Agreement, 1947

Naturalization Neo-Colonialism

Overseas Filipina/x/o Workers Philippine Immigration Act of 1940 Philippine Repatriation Act of 1935

Remittances

Rescission Act of 1946 Transnationalism

Visas

Psychology

Abuse

Acculturation Alcohol Use Anxiety Assimilation Bahala Na

Bipolar Disorder

Brown Skin, White Minds: Filipino-/American

Postcolonial Psychology

Colonial Mentality

Colonialism Colorism Coming Full Circle: The Process of Decolonization Among Post-1965 Filipino Americans

Crab Mentality Cultural Mistrust Cultural Stigma

Decolonial Healing Practices

Decolonization Depression

Developmental Disabilities

Enculturation

Ethnic Identity Development

Faith Healers Family Structure

Filipino American Psychology: A Handbook of Theory, Research, and Clinical Practice

Gender Identity

Gender Role Socialization Help-Seeking Behaviors

Heterosexism Historical Trauma

Hiva

Identity Terms, Filipina/x/o Americans and

Impostor Phenomenon Internalized Oppression Intimate Partner Violence

Kapwa

Mental Health Treatment, Filipina/x/o Americans

and

Model Minority Myth

Pakikisama

Parenting, Filipina/x/o American

Personality Disorders

Phenotype

Racial Microaggressions

Racialization of Filipina/x/o Americans

Racism

Schizophrenia

Sexism

Sexual Orientation Identity Development

Sikolohiyang Pilipino

Somatization Stereotype Threat Substance Use Suicide

Tobacco Use Trauma

Utang na Loob

Regional Trends

Alaska, Filipina/x/os in

California, Filipina/x/os in

Delano, Filipina/x/o Americans in

East Coast, Filipina/x/o Americans on the

Florida, Filipina/x/os in

Hawai'i, Filipina/x/o Americans in Illinois, Filipina/x/o Americans in Los Angeles, Filipina/x/os in Louisiana, Filipina/x/os in Michigan, Filipina/x/os in

Midwest, Filipina/x/o Americans in the Nevada, Filipina/x/o Americans in New York City, Filipina/x/os in Oregon, Filipina/x/o Americans in

San Diego, Filipina/x/o Americans in San Francisco, Filipina/x/os in

Seattle and Greater Washington, Filipina/x/o

Americans in

South, Filipina/x/os in the

Southwest, Filipina/x/o Americans in the Stockton, Filipina/x/o Americans in

Texas, Filipina/x/os in

Washington, DC, Filipina/x/os in U.S. Territories, Filipina/x/os in

Virginia, Filipina/x/os in

Sociology and Social Issues

American Dream

Asian American Panethnicity

Basketball Leagues, Filipino American

Beauty Pageants

Business and Entrepreneurship, Filipina/x/o

Americans in Catholicism Christianity Colonialism Colorism

Community Development

Crab Mentality

Criminal Justice System, Filipina/x/o Americans and the

Data Disaggregation

Debuts

Educational Achievement of Filipina/x/o

American K–12 Students

Empire of Care: Nursing and Migration in

Filipino American History Filipina/x/o-Latinx Relations

Filipina/x/o-Pacific Islander Relations

Filipina/x/o American Regional and Fraternal Organizations

Filipina/x/o Transnational Organizations

Filipino Americans: Transformation and Identity

Filipina/x/o American Studies

Filipino-Black Relations

Filipino-Native American Relations

Food, Filipina/x/o American

Gangs, Filipina/x/o American

Global Divas: Filipino Gay Men in the Diaspora

Government and Law, Filipina/x/o Americans in

Heterosexism

Historic Filipinotowns

Human Trafficking

Identity Terms, Filipina/x/o Americans and

Iglesia ni Cristo

Intergenerational Conflict

Labor Market Patterns

Language and Filipina/x/o Americans

Mail-Order Brides

Martial Arts, Filipino

Martial Law

Model Minority Myth

Motherscholar

Neo-Colonialism

Philippine Independence Day Parades

Pilipino Cultural Nights

Political Participation

Racialization of Filipina/x/o Americans

Racism

Sexism

Social Class, Filipina/x/o Americans and Social Media, Filipina/x/o Americans and

Social Work, Filipina/x/o Americans and

Sports, Filipina/x/o Americans and STEM, Filipina/x/o Americans in

The Latinos of Asia: How Filipino Americans Break the Rules of Race

Theology, Filipina/x/o Americans and

Transnationalism

U.S. Military, Filipina/x/o Americans in

U.S. Navy, Filipino Americans in

Voting Patterns of Filipina/x/o Americans

Subgroups

Blackipinos

Bridge Generation

Domestic Workers

Farmworkers, Filipino American

Filipina American Women

Filipina/x/o American Adoptees

Filipina/x/o Americans With Disabilities

Filipino American Men

First-Generation Filipina/x/o Americans

Generation 1.5, Filipina/x/o Americans

Indigenous Peoples of the Philippines

Indipinos

Mail-Order Brides

Mestizo

Mexipino

Multiracial Filipina/x/o Americans

Muslim Filipina/x/o Americans

Overseas Filipina/x/o Workers

Queer Filipina/x/o Americans

Second-Generation Filipina/x/o Americans

Third- and Fourth-Generation Filipina/x/o

Americans

Transgender and Nonbinary Filipinx Americans

Undocumented Filipina/x/o Americans

Veterans, Filipino

Working-Class Filipina/x/o Americans

About the Editors

Kevin Leo Yabut Nadal, Ph.D., is a Distinguished Professor at the City University of New York (CUNY), with appointments at both John Jay College of Criminal Justice and the Graduate Center. From 2014 to 2017, he was the executive director of the CLAGS: The Center for LGBTQ Studies at CUNY, and he was the first person of color to hold this position in 25 years of the organization. From 2015 to 2017, he was president of the Asian American Psychological Association (AAPA); he was the first openly gay person to serve in this role. Within AAPA, he cofounded the Division on Filipino Americans in 2010 and the Division on LGBTQ Issues in 2012. He is the cofounder of the LGBTQ Scholars of Color National Network; he has served as a national trustee of the Filipino American National Historical Society (FANHS) since 2010; and he began his term as FANHS National President in 2022. With research expertise in Filipino American psychology, microaggression theory, and LGBTQ psychology, he has published more than 100 works and 12 books on multicultural issues in the fields of psychology and education, including Filipino American Psychology (American Psychological Association, 2021), Sage Encyclopedia of Psychology and Gender (Sage, 2017), and Queer Psychology (Springer, 2022). Awards include the American Psychological Association Early Career Award for Distinguished Contributions to the Public Interest; the Richard Tewksbury Award for significant contributions to scholarship or activism on the intersection of crime and sexuality; and the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's Thought Leadership Award. In 2021, he became the first known Filipino American Distinguished Professor at CUNY and the youngest person in CUNY history to climb the ranks from untenured adjunct professor to Distinguished Professor. Despite these accomplishments, his proudest roles are that of son to Leo

and Charity, husband to Kaleo, and father to Jabari Valentino, Tamani Dawn, and Keilani Simone.

Allyson Tintiangco-Cubales, Ph.D., is an awardwinning professor in the College of Ethnic Studies at San Francisco State University. Since 2000, she has been teaching Asian American studies with a focus on Filipina/x/o (American) studies. She is also an affiliated faculty member in the Educational Leadership Doctoral Program. She has mentored hundreds of master's and doctoral students who are teaching and working in schools, colleges, and community organizations across the nation. In 2001, she founded Pin@y Educational Partnerships (PEP), a barangay that provides Ethnic Studies courses and curriculam, develops radical educators, and creates resources for Filipina/x/o communities and similarly marginalized people. She has worked with several school districts throughout the nation, including the San Francisco Unified School District, to codevelop and implement ethnic studies, social justice, and Filipino language curriculam. She is also the cofounder and director of Community Responsive Education (CRE), a national firm that supports the development of responsive, equitable, and justice-driven educators. She is the author of four books of curriculam and numerous articles focused on the applications of critical pedagogy, ethnic studies curriculum, Motherscholarship, and Pinayism. Professor Tintiangco-Cubales has won many awards, including being named one of the 100 most influential Filipinas in the world. In 2014, she was also given the Community Advocacy Award from the Critical Educators for Social Justice group of the American Educational Research Association. Allyson, the daughter of Ester and Alberto Tintiangco, a loving partner to Val Tintiangco-Cubales, a phenomenal teacher and

leader, and the mother of Mahalaya, a prolific dancer and artivist.

E. J. R. David, Ph.D., is a professor of psychology at the University of Alaska Anchorage. He is the author of Brown Skin, White Minds: Filipino -/ American Postcolonial Psychology, editor of Internalized Oppression: The Psychology of Marginalized Groups, coauthor of The Psychology of Oppression, and the author of We Have Not Stopped Trembling Yet: Letters to My Filipino-Athabascan Family. Dr. David was the 2007 recipient of the American Psychological Association (APA) Society for the Psychological Study of Ethnic Minority Issues (Division 45) Distinguished Student Research Award, the APA Minority Fellowship Program (MFP) Early Career Award in Research for Distinguished Contributions to the Field of Racial and Ethnic Minority Psychology, and the Asian American Psychological Association Early Career Award for Distinguished Contributions to Research. In 2014, he was honored by the Alaska Psychological Association with the Cultural Humanitarian Award for Exemplary Service and Dedication to Diversity, and in 2015 he was inducted as a Fellow by the Asian American Psychological Association for "Unusual and Outstanding Contributions to Asian American Psychology." He is currently an associate editor of the Asian American Journal of Psychology. He lives in Anchorage, Alaska, or Dgheyay Kaq—the traditional homelands of the Dena'ina Athabascan People-with his wife Gee'eedoydaalno (Koyukon Athabascan) and their four children: Malakas Betlee' hoolaanh, Kalayaan Neelnohulno, Kaluguran Hoozoonh ts'e kk'ohoo'oyh, and Tala Nodovedee'onh.

List of Contributors

Miguel N. Abad University of California, Los Angeles

Athena Abadilla
The Cooper Union

Marjan Kris Ramos Abubo University of California, Davis, School of Law

Ryan Abugan Independent Scholar

Alexander C. Adia Independent Researcher

Jei Africa Marin Health and Human Services

Geraldine Sanchez Aglipay Filipino American National Historical Society, Greater Chicago Chapter

Noel J. H. Aglubat Filipino American National Historical Society, Metropolitan New York Chapter

Karín Aguilar-San Juan Macalester College

Richard Alboroto
Texas Tech University

Rosanna 'Anolani Alegado University of Hawai'i, Manoa

Dolores Fernandez Alic Filipino American National Historical Society, Metropolitan New York Chapter

Clarissa Valbuena Aljentera *Boston College*

Alvin N. Alvarez
San Francisco State University

Anna Alves Rutgers University, Newark

Michelle Amor Independent Scholar

Elaine Kathryn Andres University of California, Irvine

Third Andresen Independent Scholar

Sharlene Aquiler Independent Scholar

Glenn Philip Martinez Aquino Independent Scholar

Rowena Santos Aquino California State University, Long Beach

Constancio R. Arnaldo, Jr. University of Nevada, Las Vegas

Marissa Trinidad Aroy Trinity College, Dublin

Grace A. Bagunu Christopher A. Ballesteros

Independent Scholar

Celia Tagamolila Bardwell-Jones *University of Hawai'i*

Christine Barlolong Filipino American National Historical Society, San Diego Chapter

Joi Barrios-Leblanc University of California, Berkeley

Jeanne Batallones *University of Hawai'i*

Jason Bayani Kearny Street Workshop

John D. Blanco University of California, San Diego

Carl Bolano
UCLA Fielding School of Public
Health and University of
California, Irvine

Rick Bonus *University of Washington*

Eloisa Gomez Borah University of California, Los Angeles

Jenelle Borja Independent Scholar

Joanne Fortunato Boston Independent Scholar

Bing Branigin
Independent Scholar

Titania Buchholdt Independent Scholar

Tracy Lachica Buenavista California State University, Northridge

Lucy M. S. P. Burns University of California, Los Angeles

Marygrace San Pablo Burns Independent Scholar Michael D. Cabana

Children's Hospital at Montefiore Jeffrey Arellano Cabusao Bryant University

Crystal Faith Sale Cajilog
Kaiser Permanente-Richmond,
California

Caroline Calderon *Independent Scholar*

Michelle Camaya Julian Samahan Filipino Performing Arts

Gerald Campano University of Pennsylvania

Michael Henry Capito Independent Scholar

Faye C. Caronan *University of Colorado*, *Denver*

Elizabeth Casasola Broadway Barkada

Lugao Ukas Casidsid-Kasberg Independent Scholar

Pat Lindsay Catalla-Buscaino Filipino American National Historical Society

Christine Catipon
University of California,
Irvine

Jeannie Estella Celestial

Independent Scholar

Gregory Allan Cendana Can't Stop! Won't Stop! Consulting

Catherine Ceniza Choy University of California, Berkeley

Stephanie Chrispin Independent Scholar

Krista M. Chronister *University of Oregon*

Peter Chua

San Jose State University

Elena Clariza

University of Hawai'i at Manoa

Sharon Chia Claros The Claremont Colleges and Ponoma College

Genevieve Clutario Wellesley College

Krystle Palma Cobian University of California, Los Angeles

Roland Sintos Coloma Wayne State University

Lisa Combs

Ohio State University

Richelle Concepcion *United States Army*

Dorothy Laigo Cordova Filipino American National Historical Society

Gennette Cordova Independent Scholar

Joan May Timtiman Cordova Independent Scholar

Gabriel H. Corpus *Palo Alto University*

Regina Rose Corpuz Indipino Community of Bainbridge Island

Angelica Cortez LEAD Filipino

Lorial Crowder

Filipino American National Historical Society, Metropolitan New York Chapter

Rose Cruz Cuison-Villazor Rutgers University

Edward R. Curammeng California State University, Dominguez Hills

Candice Custodio-Tan Independent Scholar

Gem P. Daus

University of Maryland

Lauren Arzaga Daus
June Jordan School for Equity

Arlene Sudaria Daus-Magbual San Francisco State University

Roderick Raña Daus-Magbual Skyline College

Jed Christopher David Children's Hospital – Los Angeles

Pio de Cano Independent Scholar

E. J. R. David University of Alaska-Anchorage

Mathilda de Dios Independent Scholar

Ben de Guzman Filipino Veterans Recognition and Education Project

Deirdre de la Cruz University of Michigan

Enrique de la Cruz California State University, Northridge

Conely de Leon *Ryerson University*

Erwin de Leon Columbia University

Jamrensze Jeannylle De Leon Northeastern University

Manny Demetrio De Leon III Independent Scholar

Fritzie A. de Mata Independent Scholar

Alicia Del Prado Independent Scholar

Claudine del Rosario University of San Francisco

Dara Katrina Del Rosario Kearny Street Workshop, San Francisco

Fanny A. dela Cruz Independent Scholar

Felicitas A. dela Cruz Azusa Pacific University

Jomarie A. Dela Peña Independent Scholar

Tony DelaRosa University of Wisconsin-Madison

Reuben Deleon University of California, Los Angeles

Herb Delute Filipino American National Historical Society, San Diego Chapter

Jennifer B. Delfino Borough of Manhattan Community College

Ernabel Demillo Saint Peter's University

Maharaj Desai San Francisco State University

Alfred R. Diggs Loyola University Chicago

Dada Docot Purdue University

Maria Carmen Doherty Nyack, New York Public Schools

Cynthia Domingo Independent Scholar

Kristine Magat Douglas Independent Scholar

Jared Miguel Duldulao Rosalind Franklin University of Medicine and Science

Irene Faye Duller Independent Scholar

Kay Dumlao Independent Scholar

Emerson E. Ea New York University

Bernard Ellorin Miramar College and MeraCosta College Annalisa Enrile University of Southern California, Suzanne Dworak-Peck School of Social Work

Kirklyn A. Escondo New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene

Jan E. Estrellado Alliant International University

John Andrew G. Evangelista University of the Philippines, Diliman

Ali Ewoldt Broadway Barkada

James Fabionar University of San Diego

Alex Sandoval Fabros Independent Scholar

Kale Bantigue Fajardo University of Minnesota

Stephanie Teodocio Fajardo University of Michigan

Lou Collette S. Felipe University of Colorado School of Medicine

Maria Joy Ferrera DePaul University

Michelle Fortunado-Kewin *University of Buffalo*

Luis H. Francia New York University

Dylan Renee Francisco Independent Scholar

Valerie Francisco-Menchavez San Francisco State University

Dorothy B. Fujita-Rony University of California, Irvine

Weslei Gabrillo Independent Scholar

Joseph A. Galura School of Social Work, University of Michigan Brenda Gambol Gavigan University of Texas at Dallas

Eugene Gambol San Francisco State University

Gabriel M. Garcia University of Alaska, Anchorage

Nicholas Garcia University of California, Davis, Bulosan Center for Filipinx Studies

Mariecris Gatlabayan Independent Researcher

Jason Luna Gavilan Independent Scholar

Celeste González de Bustamante The University of Arizona

Daniel Phil Gonzales College of Ethnic Studies, San Francisco State University

Randy Gonzales University of Louisiana at Lafayette

Joaquin Jay Gonzalez, III Golden Gate University

Theodore S. Gonzalves Smithsonian National Museum of American History

Anjuli Grantham Alaska State Museum

Anna Romina Guevarra Independent Scholar

Rudy P. Guevarra, Jr. *Arizona State University*

Roland L. Guyotte *University of Minnesota, Morris*

Estella Habal San Jose State University

Marissa Halagao Independent Scholar

Patricia Espiritu Halagao University of Hawai'i, Manoa

Karen Buenavista Hanna Connecticut College Xavier J. Hernandez University of California, Irvine

Katrina Heyrana University of Southern California

Teresa Hodges Independent Scholar

Alyssa Hufana University of California, Santa Barbara

Nicole Hune Independent Scholar

Florante Peter Ibañez Pasadena City College

Abraham Flores Ignacio, Jr. San Francisco Public Library

Peter Jamero Independent Scholar

Joyce R. Javier Children's Hospital Los Angeles

Korina M. Jocson University of Massachusetts, Amherst

Ana Jasmine L. Jayme Asian Pacific Counseling Treatment Center

Marc P. Johnston-Guerrero Ohio State University

Wayne Silao Jopanda University of California, Davis, Bulosan Center for Filipinx Studies

Michael A. Juan Independent Scholar

Rodney Jubilado *University of Hawai'i, Hilo*

Leo Felix M. Jurado

Leo Felix M. Jurado William Paterson University

Lugao Ukas Casidsid

Kasberg

Peace Center, New York City

Carina Katigbak Boston College Katrina Quisumbing King Northwestern University

Kamille La Rosa Western Michigan University

Jeantelle Laberinto Independent Scholar

Roderick N. Labrador University of Hawai'i, Manoa

Jacob Lacuesta
San Francisco State University

Lian Ladia
Independent Scholar

Christopher M. Lapinig *Independent Scholar*

M. Danet Lapiz-Bluhm The University of Texas Health Science Center at San Antonio

Emily P. Lawsin Filipino American National Historical Society

Linde B. Lehtinen
San Francisco Museum of
Modern Art

Jollene Levid Independent Scholar

Stacey Diane Arañez Litam Cleveland State University

Kevyn Lorenzana Skyline College

Juanita Tamayo Lott Independent Scholar

Edwin Lozada Philippine American Writers and Artists, Inc.

Angelica Macalisang Independent Scholar

Jaygee Macapugay Broadway Barkada

Glenda Macatangay Community Responsive

Education

Jaygee Macapugay Broadway Barkada Michelle R. Madore Veterans Administration Palo Alto Health Care System

Michelle G. Magalong Independent Scholar

Dale Dagar Maglalang Stanford University School of Medicine

Chanelle Mallari Independent Scholar

Noelle Malvar City University of New York Graduate Center

Aprilfaye T. Manalang Norfolk State University

Allan Samson Manalo Independent Scholar

Erin Manalo-Pedro University of California, Los Angeles

Mike Manalo-Pedro *Pomona College*

Trixy Joy De Vera Manansala University of California, San Diego

Kimmy Maniquis Search to Involve Pilipino Americans (SIPA), Los Angeles

Lester J. Manzano Loyola University Chicago

Venessa Manzano Independent Scholar

Dina C. Maramba Claremont Graduate University

Christine Ramos Marasigan Independent Scholar

Alden Sajor Marte-Wood Rice University

Cheryl E. Matias
University of Kentucky

Jon Melegrito INQUIRER.net

Copyright ©2022 by SAGE Publications, Inc.

Kalaya'an Mendoza Independent Scholar

Micah Michelle Mendoza *University of Oregon*

Noilyn Mendoza The Radian U, LLC

R. J. Valentino Mendoza Independent Scholar

Tracy Meyer Collin College

Terese Guinsatao Monberg Michigan State University

Concepcion A. Montoya Hinshaw & Culbertson, LLP

Juan Paolo Valerio Moraga Independent Scholar

Antonio Moya Los Angeles Department of Health Services

Kevin Leo Yabut Nadal City University of New York

Melissa-Ann Nielo Nievera-Lozano Evergreen Valley College

Nita Noveno Borough of Manhattan Community College

Jessica Marie Obaña U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs

Kristin Oberiano Independent Scholar

Leah D. Obias
Independent Scholar

Raymond Perez Obispo Filipino American National Historical Society, Virginia Beach Chapter

Anthony Christian Ocampo California State Polytechnic Institute, Pomona Claire Oliveros Cosumnes River College

Josephine Faith Ong Independent Scholar

Stephanie Ong Independent Scholar

Don Operario Brown University

Mel Orpilla Filipino American National Historical Society

Mykie E. Menor Ozoa-Aglugub *University of Hawai'i*

David V. Pack Independent Scholar

Jan Padios Williams College

Alleluia Panis KULARTS

Wendell Pascual Independent Scholar

Judy Patacsil Filipino American National Historical Society

Andrew P. Paves Veterans Administration Puget Sound Health Care System

Oscar Florentino Penaranda San Francisco State University

J. Lorenzo Perillo University of Hawai'i, Manoa

Marc Pescadera Transcend Therapy

Jessica Dionela Petalio University of Alaska, Anchorage

Daniela Pila University of Albany, SUNY

Stephanie Pituc North Memorial Health, Minneapolis

Maria Christina Panis Poisot Independent Scholar

Martin Joseph Ponce Ohio State University

Ninez A. Ponce University of California at Los Angeles

Barbara M. Posadas Northern Illinois University

Lainie Jay Falco Posecion Independent Scholar

Gail Tamayo Prado Independent Scholar

Neal D. Presa Presbyterian Church (USA) and University of the Free State (South Africa)

Mark E. Pulido City of Cerritos, California

Potrirankamanis Queano Nur

Kinding Sindaw Heritage Foundation, Inc.

Ma Irene Quilantang Brown University

Sharon M. Quinsaat *Grinnell College*

Steven Raga Independent Scholar

Edwin Ramoran Independent Scholar

Elisa Rapadas Independent Scholar

Hannah Lintag Rebadulla University of Alaska, Anchorage

Claire Reclosado-Baclay Holy Names University

Arjee Restar Johns Hopkins Bloomberg School of Public Health

G. T. Reyes California State University, East Bay Jonathan J. S. Reyes University of Maryland, College Park

Ricardo J. Reyes Ricardo Jose Reyes is at Lafayette College

Victoria Reyes University of California, Riverside

Rommel Rivera Association of Philippine Physicians in America

Tony Robles Independent Scholar

Evelyn I. Rodriguez University of San Francisco

Noreen Naseem Rodriguez Iowa State University

Robyn Magalit Rodriguez University of California, Davis, Bulosan Center for Filipinx Studies

Victoria C. Rodriguez-Operana San Diego State University

Gayle Romasanta Bridge and Delta Publishing

Gina Mariko Rosales *Pinayista*

Bobby Dalton Guleng Roy Filipino American National Historical Society

Bennyroyce Royon Independent Scholar

Melanie Sabado-Liwag California State University, Los Angeles

Sophia A. Sablan *Independent Scholar*

Jocyl Sacramento
California State University,
East Bay

Krystel Salandanan John Jay College of Criminal Justice Janelle Salcedo

University of Nevada, Las Vegas

Veronica B. Salcedo Georgia State University

Joy Sales California State University, Los Angeles

Michael Menor Salgarolo New York University

Stacey Anne Baterina Salinas University of California, Davis, Bulosan Center for Filipinx Studies

Ray San Diego Northwestern University

Laarni San Juan Independent Scholar

Francis M. Sanchez Great River Health System

Mark John Sanchez Harvard University

Romuald Kai Santiago Manhattan School of Music

Rosa Milagros Santos University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign

Victoria J. Santos Filipino American National Historical Society

Janice L. Sapigao *Skyline College*

Thomas Xavier Sarmiento Kansas State University

Michael Schulze-Oechtering Western Washington University

Aviril Apple Sepulveda Independent Scholar

Brett J. Sevilla SSG/Asian Pacific Counseling & Treatment Centers

Dom Siababa Siababa Consulting, Inc.

Cecile E. Sison Veterans Administration Hudson Valley Health Care System

Gretchen A. Smith Independent Scholar

James Sobredo Sacramento State University

Desu Sorro
Independent Scholar
Giulio Salvador Sorro

Janet Christine Stickmon Napa Valley College

International Hotel, San Francisco

Leny Mendoza Strobel Sonoma State University

Joseph Tabaco Filipino American National Historical Society

Kari Tabag Adelphi University

Neferti Tadiar Barnard College, Columbia University

Thea Quiray Tagle University of Massachusetts, Boston

Elaine Jessica Tamargo University of California, Los Angeles

Leezel Tanglao StatFury

L. Tantay
Independent Scholar

Richard R. Tenaza Filipino American National Historical Society Museum

D. Alexandra Thomas Teachers College, Columbia University

Allyson Tintiangco-Cubales
San Francisco State University

Jean-Arellia Tolentino Independent Scholar

Daniel-Philippe E. Toleran Independent Scholar

Maria Torres Filipino American National Historical Society Museum

Von Torres Clovis Community College

Anna Cristina Tuazon University of the Philippines, Diliman

Victor E. Tuazon
New Jersey City University

Antover P. Tuliao *Texas Tech University*

Jana Lynne Caldetera Umpig Independent Scholar Rhodora Ursua Alameda Health Consortium

Melissa Lara Valdez Independent Scholar

Persephone Vargas William Paterson University

Gina K. Velasco Gettysburg College

Gerie Ventura Highline College

Kristina Vera-Phillips Arizona State University

Isabella Villacampa New York University

Lily Ann B. Villaraza City College of San Francisco

Reese Carolina Cuison Villazor Independent Scholar Mark Redondo Villegas Franklin & Marshall College

Christopher Villongco Morehouse School of Medicine

Tristan Vizconde NYC Affirmative Psychotherapy

Michael Joseph Viola Saint Mary's College of California

James Beni Wilson Arizona State University

Ador Pereda Yano Filipino American National Historical Society

Rizalente Bustamante Zabala Independent Scholar

Verma Soria Zapanta Hilot with Verma

Andrew Zarate
Independent Scholar

Introduction

In 1587, Filipinos became the first ethnic group from Asia to arrive in what is now known as the United States; the earliest Asian settlement in North America were Filipino sailors (known as Manila men) who farmed shrimp in Louisiana as early as the mid-1700s. Other Filipino migrants arrived in the early 1900s as laborers—working in the grape and cauliflower fields in Central California, the salmon canneries in Alaska and Washington, and the sugarcane plantations in Hawai'i. Others came through the U.S. military or in search of career opportunities after the U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Act of 1965 eliminated national immigration quotas.

Today, as one of the three most populous Asian American groups (and one of the largest immigrant groups in general), Filipina/x/o Americans (FAs) are an ethnic group with unique sociocultural and historical experiences that distinguish them from other Asian American ethnic groups. First, given the Philippines' unique history of colonialism—with almost four centuries under Spanish rule and nearly 50 years as a U.S. territory—FAs may share commonalities with diverse racial groups. For instance, because of Spanish colonization, most FAs (and others across the Philippine diaspora) were raised in Catholic or Christian families and share similar religious or cultural customs as people of Latin America. Relatedly, resulting from U.S. imperialism, FAs share colonial histories with Pacific Islander groups (e.g., Native Hawaiians, Chamorros, Samoans) and Puerto Ricans. Moreover, many FAs' immigration stories align with those of many other Asian groups; for example, in the late 1800s and early 1900s, many migrants from the Philippines, China, and Japan arrived as laborers, while migrants who arrived after 1965 from various Asian countries (e.g., the Philippines, China, India, Thailand) came mostly as educated professionals (e.g., physicians, nurses, teachers, engineers).

FAs are one of the only ethnic groups who have been placed into several racial or ethnic categories in the United States, including "Asian American," "Pacific Islanders," and "Hispanic." When California Senate Bill 1813 was passed in 1988, it required all California state personnel surveys or statistical tabulations to classify descendants of the Philippines as "Filipino" rather than any other group. Such diverse racial classifications mirror distinctive racialized experiences for FAs across the United States and throughout history. For instance, like many East Asians and Southeast Asians, FAs had been targeted by anti-Asian violence in both the early 1900s and amid the COVID-19 pandemic a century later. In some regions, FAs have navigated stereotypes or media propaganda portraying them as gangsters, criminals, or sexual predators akin to stereotypes that were promulgated about Black or Latinx people. Across many fields, FAs may encounter multiple disparities or inequities that may not be seen in other Asian American groups; for example, FAs report low educational attainments; high prevalence of cardiovascular disease, obesity, and other health issues; and high prevalence of depression, suicidal ideation, and other mental health issues.

FA Studies

Although FAs are one of the largest Asian American groups and have a long and complicated colonial relationship with the United States, their historical and contemporary collective experiences tend to be erased or omitted from most American textbooks. In fact, many Americans of all racial backgrounds may not have learned that the Philippines was once a U.S. territory; that the Philippines was colonized as part of the U.S. government's ploy to build a global empire; or that a significant part of World War II was fought in the

Philippines, resulting in the deaths of hundreds of thousands of Philippine civilians. When teaching about the contributions of FAs in the United States, most classrooms would overlook FAs' participation in many historical events—including their involvement in the U.S. Civil War; their advocacy in the civil rights movement; or their role in initiating the Grape Strike of 1965 and the United Farmworkers Movement (which is often deemed one of the most successful labor movements in modern history). Thus, when FAs are not included in curricula on all levels (from K-12 education to university settings), students of diverse racial and ethnic groups miss out on the opportunities to learn about the true history of the United States, as well as the numerous influences that FAs have made across multiple disciplines (including health, arts, humanities, and the social sciences).

Further, while many of the 4 million FAs in the United States belong to historically robust or growing FA communities across the country (from the descendants of the Manila men who formed settlements in Louisiana to the multiple generations of FAs in places like Stockton, California; Seattle, Washington; New York, New York; or Anchorage, Alaska), many FAs did not ever learn of their histories or narrative in a traditional classroom setting, nor in their own homes. Accordingly, many FAs have been socialized to believe that their ethnic identities or collective experiences are unimportant or unworthy of being discussed, especially during their educational pursuits. Without such education, FAs may develop negative mental health consequences like colonial mentality, internalized oppression, or even low self-esteem. In this way, the erasure of FAs can be psychologically damaging to generations of FAs who do not see or learn about themselves in their textbooks or in their classrooms.

Historically, FA Studies had been subsumed within the discipline of Ethnic Studies and the field of Asian American Studies; however, for decades, many FA scholars and community leaders described how FA experiences and perspectives have been omitted or minimized (alongside those of other historically marginalized Asian American subgroups). Thus, over the past several decades, FA scholars across various disciplines have aimed to address the invisibility of FA perspectives and

narratives—even forming organizations and interest groups as a way of naming and addressing unique concerns and experiences of the community. For example, the Filipino American National Historical Society (FANHS) was founded as a way of giving voice to Filipino Americans and to promote and preserve FA history. Relatedly, organizations like the Asian American Psychological Association's Division on Filipinx Americans (DOFA) and Pin@y Educational Partnerships (PEP) were created with specific missions that serve certain facets of FA communities. DOFA promotes FA psychology and unites FA mental health practitioners and researchers nationally, while PEP advocates for the integration of Ethnic Studies and FA curricula in schools, particularly in California.

Despite the growing field of FA research, literature, arts, and community organizing, there had been few attempts at documenting and highlighting the rich contributions of FA scholars who have studied, published, and created FA works. The few FA texts in existence tend to have narrower foci, without representing multiple fields or providing exhaustive analyses. Thus, the *Sage Encyclopedia of Filipinalxlo American Psychology* was initiated as the first comprehensive, interdisciplinary encyclopedia to cover the wide spectrum of FA Studies in the United States.

Our Process

In 2019, just 2 years after the Sage Encyclopedia of Psychology and Gender (edited by Kevin Nadal) was published, Dr. Nadal was approached by an acquisitions editor at Sage Reference to inquire if he had any topic ideas for another encyclopedia. When he proposed an encyclopedia on FA experiences, he was certain it would be rejected or that there would at least be some major pushback. After all, it was only 10 years prior that he had been told by multiple publishers that a book on Filipino American psychology was too niche and would not sell well. Years after, rejections of academic papers focusing on FAs were more common than acceptances. So, when Sage expressed enthusiasm for the project and offered a contract, he was pleasantly surprised and even a bit in disbelief.

To complete the task of covering an interdisciplinary field like FA Studies, it was crucial to create a team of outstanding scholars with proven academic records and with strong social and professional networks. Dr. Nadal recruited his colleagues and friends Dr. Allyson Tintiangco-Cubales (San Francisco State University) and Dr. E. J. R. David (University of Alaska Anchorage), both prolific and well-respected professors and community leaders. Together, the trio invited scholars to sit on the editorial board—each of whom would oversee sections or subfields. Our team of board members represented diverse disciplines and the spectra of regions, from health to the humanities, as well as the West and East Coasts and the Midwest. The group intentionally recruited multiple generations, from senior scholars who had been trailblazers in their respective fields to emerging scholars who were transforming FA Studies.

In May 2020, the editorial board met via virtual platforms to brainstorm and finalize an exhaustive list of categories and topics related to FAs—resulting in 10 general categories and 350 final entries. The board then recruited the authors to contribute; these included seasoned academics and community leaders with practical expertise on their topics. With over 300 contributing authors, it is presumed that this text brings together the largest sum of FA authors collectively working on a single project.

From start to finish, the manuscript was completed in about 2 years (Spring 2020 to Spring 2022). It is worth noting that the encyclopedia was initiated at the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic, when people were sheltering in place and working from home, navigating multiple emotional and psychological issues including uncertainty about life and a return to normalcy. It was a period in which hundreds of thousands of people were getting sick and dying rapidly (especially people of color), and in which FA nurses and other health care workers were risking their lives for others and dying at disproportionate rates. It was a period of racial awakening after the deaths of George Floyd, Breonna Taylor, Ahmaud Arbery, and others. Thus, completing this encyclopedia amid all these global and personal obstacles was quite a feat for us individually and as a community.

It is also important to mention that the three editors recognized a fourth editor in the project. Dr. Dawn Bohulano Mabalon was an Associate professor of history at San Francisco State University and the National Scholar for the FANHS.

Before passing away unexpectedly in August 2018, she had been a brilliant historian, educator, and historic preservationist who blazed trails in documenting the diverse historical experiences of FAs across the country (and especially from her hometown of Stockton, California). Her presence was felt throughout each step of the process. She is honored with (a) an entry about her life; (b) several entries based on her research and writing; (c) and her photo on the encyclopedia's cover.

Our Purpose

Collectively as an editorial team, we remember having a set of encyclopedias on our bookshelves in our childhood homes or libraries. For some, they were the only books in the house, other than a dictionary or Bible; and for some, the sets were incomplete, with volumes missing, pages torn—or even decades old and outdated. For many, our families had to save up and buy one volume at a time, while for others, our only access to them was in our school or public libraries. The burgundy or navy-colored set, adorned with gold regal designs and volume numbers on the spine, would be used to do our research for school papers or projects. Encyclopedias were our World Wide Web, our Wikipedia, our Google, our Alexa, and even our teachers. They taught us what was important; they were our algorithm for what mattered.

For FAs, encyclopedias taught us that we did not matter. There was often only one short entry entitled "Philippines, The Republic of." It was rare to find any other entry that had the words "Philippines" or "Filipino" in it. Even harder was to find content that specifically addressed or acknowledged the identity of FAs. It was as though we did not exist. This hegemonic power of encyclopedias was a mirror for how FAs were treated in textbooks and in American schooling. If we pause to think of how profound it is to search for yourself or your ancestors in books and all you find is a footnote on the Spanish-American War, we realize that this not-so-subtle erasure of our stories bred an acceptance of insignificance that was reproduced for generations.

Our search for ourselves in tables of contents and indexes in history books became a habitual reminder of this insignificance. In retrospect, we wonder about the impact of this erasure for generations of FAs who had to endure being unseen throughout their educational journey. How did this absence of our stories reinforce our colonial mentalities? How did this erasure of our narratives uphold White supremacy? And how did this exclusion of our existence affect our wellness, as well as the wellness of our families and our communities?

Given these factors, we recognize that the *Sage Encyclopedia of Filipinalx/o American Studies* is a direct response to hundreds of years of being left out of history and educational curricula. It is a deliberate counterhegemonic project that seeks to provide opportunities for FAs to see themselves. It is also an opportunity for non-FA readers to see us—even though we have always been present for centuries.

The Categories

Staying true to the spirit of community collaboration and groundedness that fueled the dream of this encyclopedia, we consulted with our elders, board members, and editors and—combining our knowledge of existing scholarly and community work on FA experiences—it was decided that the encyclopedia entries should be grouped according to the following categories: (1) Activism and Education, (2) Arts and Humanities, (3) Health, (4) History, (5) Historical Figures, (6) Immigration, (7) Psychology, (8) Regional Trends, (9) Sociology and Social Issues, and (10) Subgroups. The Activism and Education entries cover a wide range of topics and events such as the anti-martial law movements, the United Farmworkers Movement, and the Filipino Veterans Recognition and Education Project. The Arts and Humanities category contains entries on several classics of Filipino American literature such as Carlos Bulosan's America Is in the Heart, as well as the numerous contributions of FAs in music, fashion, dance, film, theater, and other artforms. The various health concerns facing FA communities particularly during the COVID-19 pandemic that ravaged the world while this encyclopedia was being created—and the extensive and complicated relationship of Filipina/x/o people with the health care industry are covered in the Health entries. Important events and concepts that touch on the long and rich presence of Filipina/x/o people in the lands now known as the United States—such as the Morro Bay Arrival, the Watsonville Riots,

the experiences of Alaskeros, and various topics related to a continuing neocolonial relationship between the Philippines and the United States—are explored in the History entries. Relatedly, the Historical Figures entries recognize and honor many individuals who have significantly impacted the lives of FAs.

The long history of Filipina/x/o immigration into the United States—including related topics such as the Rescission Act of 1934, Family Reunification, and the experiences of Overseas Filipino Workers—are discussed under the rubric of Immigration. The growing literature on FA mental health and other related topics such as colonial mentality, ethnic identity, and acculturation are covered by the Psychology entries. The Regional Trends category includes entries that focus on the histories and experiences of FA communities in specific states or cities, particularly those areas with large representation of FAs. Similarly, the Subgroups entries discuss the experiences of specific groups within the FA community, groups that are often forgotten or marginalized even by other FAs themselves—such as multiracial Filipina/x/os, Muslim and Moro Filipina/x/os, queer, transgender, or gender nonconforming Filipina/x/os, and Igorot, Lumad, and other Indigenous Filipina/x/os. Finally, the Sociology and Social Issues category spans a wide range of topics such as colonialism, Filipino American basketball leagues, Filipino American gangs, the model minority myth, and FA political participation. It was definitely a challenge to choose the topics, concepts, events, and individuals to be discussed—because there are so many that deserve inclusion—but it was also difficult to categorize them, because many seem to be overlapping and interconnected. Such overlaps and interconnections, we figured, were to be expected given the interdisciplinary nature of FA Studies. With thanks to the able assistance of our editorial board members, however, we feel that the present organization of the entries captures quite well the breadth, depth, and nuances of FA experiences.

Indeed, all 10 categories listed in the Reader's Guide of the encyclopedia were led by accomplished FA scholars who are not only recognized in academia but also well-respected by the FA community. Specifically, the Activism and Education entries were led by Dr. Edward Curammeng, whose work has focused on the relationship between

education and Ethnic Studies for students and teachers of color using critical race theory and critical pedagogy frameworks. Dr. Rico Reyes-who has an MFA and a doctorate in Cultural Studies and many years of experience working as curator of art for various galleries-led the Arts and Humanities entries. The Health category was led by Dr. Joyce Javier, a physician and professor who also conducts important research on culturally appropriate health services for FA families. Joy Sales, who holds a doctorate in history, led the History entries. Her work on social movements, migration, labor, race, and diaspora is largely informed by her involvement in GABRIELA, a worldwide alliance dedicated to the rights and liberation of Filipino women and LGBTQ+ communities.

Another community-involved scholar is Emily Lawsin, who led the Historical Figures entries. Ate (older sister) Emily, as she is known by many in the FA community, teaches Asian American Studies and Filipina/o American history while also serving as the national president and trustee of the FANHS. The Immigration category was led by Dr. Robyn Rodriguez, a highly regarded professor, author, and activist who established the Bulosan Center for Filipino Studies. Dr. Rodriguez is a leader in making Ethnic Studies and social justice education accessible to all people. The Psychology category was led by Dr. Lou Felipe, who is a professor, clinician, and cochair of the DOFA of the Asian Ameri-Psychological Association. Dr. Sacramento, a professor of Ethnic Studies who also has many years of involvement in youth-led action research, led the entries on Regional Trends. Our editorial board also included Dr. Anthony Ocampo, a professor of sociology, the author of the impactful book The Latinos of Asia: How Filipino Americans Break the Rules of Race, and a leader in increasing FA visibility and representation in mainstream society—who led the Sociology and Social Issues entries. And lastly, the Subgroups category was led by Dr. Karen Buenavista Hanna, who was a New York City public school teacher and community organizer working with Filipina/o immigrant youth and domestic workers before becoming a professor of gender, sexuality, and intersectionality studies where they continue to build queer and trans inclusive self-actualized spaces of healing and solidarity for womxn and femmes of color. As can be gleaned from these brief

descriptions of our editorial board members, all of them—like many of the contributors to this encyclopedia—truly embody the term *scholar-activist*.

Finally, there are four senior scholars who were turned to for mentorship and guidance for this project; these trailblazers include Dorothy Laigo Cordova (founder of FANHS); Luis Francia (author, poet, and professor at New York University); Dan Gonzales (member of the Third World Liberation Movements and professor at San Francisco State University); and Dr. Leny Strobel (author and professor emeritus at Sonoma State University). We are grateful for their role in this project; their visionary advocacy in and for FA Studies; and their immense influence in our personal and professional lives.

Common Themes

Readers may notice, as they go through the encyclopedia, that there are many common themes that cut across all 10 categories. Thus, we would like to briefly highlight some of them here. First, it is clear from entries across all categories that FAs have made significant contributions throughout history, and that they continue to make similarly impactful work contemporarily. Individuals such as Larry Itliong, Thelma Garcia Buchholdt, and Bob Santos have inspired the work of later community leaders like Dawn Bohulano Mabalon and the various youth-led organizations that continue to challenge systemic oppression today. Second, entries across all categories also touch on the fact that FAs and their work are continually erased and forgotten despite their significant contributions. For example, many readers—including FA readers themselves—may be surprised to learn about the impact Fe del Mundo had on medicine or about the leadership of Filipino college student organizations in the creation of Ethnic Studies.

Relatedly, the third common theme across categories is how FA realities and experiences are distinct from those of other Asian Americans. Such distinctions are apparent across entries about political movements (e.g., the Brown Asian Movement, the Third World Liberation Front Movement); the continuous calls for data disaggregation; the unique lived experiences derived from colonialism, values, religions; and the various disparities and inequities FA communities face across multiple sectors

(e.g., health, social, economic, and education). A fourth common theme is that, across all categories, there are entries that make clear and explicit connections between the histories, values, practices, and struggles of the FA community and those of other historically oppressed groups. Thus, because of similar experiences with colonialism and more modern forms of injustices, these entries consistently call for partnership, collaboration, and solidarity with other communities of color and other marginalized peoples. Lastly, the fifth common theme we want to mention is that several entries across categories acknowledge that, despite the significant growth and achievements of FA Studies over the decades, there remains plenty of work that needs to be done. FAs as a community must continue to do better in many respects, such as in how we conduct our work, who we share it with or who we give access to, what we regard as legitimate and valuable, and how we may end up perpetuating the oppression of many of our fellow FAs.

Pedagogical Pathways

We acknowledge that with a text so vast that there are countless ways to use this encyclopedia and that it can be overwhelming to figure out where to begin. Prior to providing some pedagogical pathways to using the encyclopedia, we offer a few critical mindsets that we encourage every reader to consider. Whether you are youth or a student using the book for a research paper, a teacher or parent creating a lesson plan, or any FA in search of self-reflection or a representation of themselves, we urge you, the reader, to engage each entry with curiosity; to use the opportunity to critique each entry; and to act on the desire to celebrate and create based on what you read.

• Curiosity. Be curious and open. Recognizing that there were more than 350 authors who contributed to this encyclopedia on Filipina/x/o American Studies (FAS) means that there were differing perspectives, positionalities, and interests. Although all entries represent the landscape of FAS, each entry is unique and only a snapshot of what the topic is about. Following the text of an entry, you will see cross-references (suggestions entitled "See also") to help connect the entry to other entries in the encyclopedia. In addition, we

- encourage you to look up the additional resources provided under Further Readings and study more.
- Critique Comprehensiveness. We do not expect readers to accept the entries as the be-all, end-all; so much more remains to be studied and written. As mentioned earlier, not only is this project counterhegemonic in its content, but we are also subverting the expectation that encyclopedias are omniscient. Even with 350 entries, this encyclopedia still does not cover everything. Thus, while we hope each entry will jump-start conversations on a wide variety of topics, we also encourage critical thinking and discussions for future directions.
- Celebrate and Create. Enjoy the encyclopedia.
 Consider using the lessons or inspirations taken from the entries as an opportunity to write your own narratives or add to the scholarship. Perhaps even consider creating art or participating in activism that brings the entries to life.

Using these mindsets is essential to engaging in the encyclopedia. And while there are endless ways to use the encyclopedia, we provide three pedagogical pathways to get you started.

Pathway A: Identity Inquiry

Before she passed away, Dr. Dawn Bohulano Mabalon was a fierce advocate for Ethnic Studies. During a campaign at San Francisco State University, she posted on social media that we need to save Ethnic Studies because it helps us answer three questions:

- 1. Who am I?
- 2. What is the story of my family and my community?
- 3. What can I do to make a positive change and bring social justice to my community and the world?

For many—especially for Filipina/x/o Americans—who open this encyclopedia, these questions can inspire their inquiry. Dr. Mabalon's questions allow us to have a relationship to the entries. You may want to take her questions even further and ask, How does this encyclopedia not only help me understand who I am, but how does it change who I am? How does this encyclopedia change how I

look at my family and my community? How do the entries provide examples of how I can make a positive change in my community and to the world?

Pathway B: Developing Lesson Plans

PEP has developed extensive FA Studies curricula that include units and lessons that cover the content that appears in many of the entries in this encyclopedia. PEP's RADical approach to creating lesson plans, activities, and projects is structured specifically to encourage students to Reflect on their roots; Analyze systems of oppression; and Determine their lives and take action. PEP's C4 lesson plan/workshop format—which is being used throughout the nation as a model for developing Ethnic Studies lessons—provides endless ways to use this encyclopedia with students. The following outlines the format and suggestions on how to integrate the entries:

Ethnic Studies Compelling Question. Start with a compelling question that centers the first-person experiences of FAs. Make sure it is debatable and engages students to find evidence to prove their proposed answer to the question. Also, make sure the question is rooted in PEP's RADical approach. For example, a compelling question that can be asked of students is: Did Filipina/x/os find "home" in the United States? This engages students to dig into the encyclopedia to find evidence to establish whether or not Filipina/x/os found home in the United States.

After coming up with a compelling question, engage PEP's C4 Lesson Plan parts:

C1: Cultural Ritual/Energizer. How will you engage the students? Cultural rituals and energizers contribute to setting the "culture" of the classroom while also connecting the purpose and main concepts of the lesson plan to the students' prior experiences/knowledge/interests. Building on the compelling question example, you can start with a cultural ritual that acknowledges the lands in which they call their home. This may include an acknowledgment of the indigenous peoples of the land that they live on and/or the indigenous peoples of the land that their ancestors are from. Following a cultural ritual you may want to consider a cultural energizer question such as: What is your definition of home? This will place value

on what the students already know and sets the tone for the rest of the lesson.

C2: Critical Concepts. How will you present the critical concepts and key terms to the students? Will you do an interactive lecture, share a video, take them through a text analysis, define terms, share a personal story, or facilitate an activity? There are many ways to present concepts to students. In the past, finding resources to teach about experiences and histories of FAs was difficult. This encyclopedia offers a wide array of entry points and serves as a clearinghouse to guide where one can begin. The additional resources at the end of each entry can be used to go even further into each of the topics. Also, entries in this encyclopedia are categorized to provide guidance to educators and students as they navigate through the text. Continuing with the example on a lesson on "home," there are several categories that one could start with, for example, entries under the regional trends or the immigration categories provide direct references to the concept of "home." Another way to teach the critical concepts is to have students find the different ways that home is talked about in this encyclopedia and have them compare the diverse interpretations of home with their own definition from the cultural energizer.

C3: Community Collaboration and Critical Cultural Production. How will the students learn and apply the main concepts while also learning to create community in their classroom and/or participate in cultural production? This may include interactive/multimedia lectures, activities, group interaction, writing, performing, presenting, project-based work, and so on. We encourage educators to be creative in how they have students engage the FAs encyclopedia by developing activities where students can dig into the text or create projects and/ or art from the text. In the finding "home" example, students can be assigned to particular entries and they can develop artwork or create collaborative murals that show how their entry provides evidence on whether or not they believe Filipinos found home in the United States. You could also have students write poetry that explores how one of the entries shows that Filipinos did or did not find home. You could also utilize performance activities from Theater of the Oppressed by Augusto

Boal to have the students physically embody the entries. While there are many possibilities, keep in mind that in this part of the lesson, we challenge educators to create activities that have students work together in meaningful collaborations where they can grapple with the compelling question.

C4: Closing sp. Dialogue. How will the students get back to the compelling question? End each lesson with dialog to wrap up and reiterate the critical concepts and also allow an opportunity for students to use what they learned from the encyclopedia and apply it to their lives. Make sure your closing dialog aims to tackle the compelling question. Completing the example of the "home" lesson, you may want the students' closing dialog to be a debate where they have to use evidence from the encyclopedia to prove whether or not Filipina/x/os found a home in the United States. The closing dialog should also aim to bring the learnings about "home" from the encyclopedia back to how the students understand their home.

Pathway C: Participatory Action Research

Along with its other uses, this encyclopedia can be used to do research for school papers, projects, or even community advocacy and activism. One type of research that has been supportive of social justice movements and community collaborative research is Participatory Action Research (PAR). PAR is an approach to inquiry where researchers work with participants to develop an understanding of a problem that is impacting their communities. The goal is to do the research to inform "action" that challenges inequity and oppression while also promoting collective liberation and well-being. Based on the work of Brazilian scholaractivist Paulo Freire, the following circular praxis inquiry cycle is useful when developing a PAR project with this encyclopedia.

Start by choosing a topic in one of the entries in the encyclopedia. Then engage the praxis inquiry cycle with a community of people (we encourage students to connect with communities inside and outside of their classrooms and schools):

Identify the Problem. There are several ways to identify a problem. You can choose a FA community and/or organization that you would like to

collaborate with and work directly with them to choose a problem that they would like to address. You could also focus on one of the categories or entries in the encyclopedia and find a problem in the FA community that you think needs to be addressed. Once you have chosen a problem, reach out to a community or organization to see if they believe it is also a problem and if they are willing to work with you to collaborate on an inquiry cycle that aims to develop an action plan to address the problem.

Analyze the Problem. Use the encyclopedia and other resources to analyze the problem with the community and/or organization. Aim to find the root cause of the problem. We encourage you to look at historical and systemic reasons why the problem exists. Analyzing the problem could potentially mean cocreating a research project that collects original data to assess the magnitude, trends, and nuances of the problem.

Create a Plan of Action. In collaboration with the community and/or organization, create a plan of action that addresses the problem. Use examples in the FAs encyclopedia where communities participated in campaigns and social movements to address problems impacting the FA community.

Implement a Plan of Action. Co-implement the plan of action. Be aware that implementation is not always smooth and may require adjustments to the plan along the way. There are many instances described in this encyclopedia's entries where communities had to pivot or change their course because of circumstances that were unforeseen or not ideal.

Reflect, Assess, and Restart. After you complete your plan of action, discuss the outcomes and whether or not the result of the research and action addressed the problem. Also, with the community and/or organization, create a process to reflect on people's experiences with the PAR project. Discuss how you and the community worked together. Discuss power dynamics and ways to improve. If there is more that needs to be done to address the problem successfully, accept the need to start the cycle again. Finally, write up your process and keep a record of your work.

These mindsets and pathways are only a few recommendations on how to engage with and use the information in this encyclopedia. We hope that you create even more ways to use this text. Whatever the entry point or pathway you choose to take, we hope that you find the SAGE Encyclopedia of Filipina/x/o American Studies useful and a place to understand that FAs do matter.

Acknowledgments

We conclude by recognizing the collective team that assisted in this process. First, we thank the entire Sage Reference team, especially Sanford Robinson, Leticia Gutiérrez, Carole Maurer, and Andrew Boney, for their encouragement, diligence, and support from conceptualization to execution of this project. We are appreciative of the 300 contributors—all of whom are scholars and/or community leaders within the FA community. Their participation in this project demonstrates the true bayanihan (community) spirit and kapwa (interconnectedness) of our people. We are eternally thankful for our editorial board (Ed, Lou, Karen, Emily, Joyce, Anthony, Rico, Robyn, Jocyl, Joy) and our senior advisors (Auntie Dorothy, Kuya Luis, Kuya Dan, and Ate Leny) for helping our vision become a reality. We honor our partners (Kaleohano, Val, and Margaret Gee'eedoydaalno), our families, and all our loved ones for their unconditional love and support. Finally, we dedicate this encyclopedia to our ancestors and all our youth, especially to our own children Mahalaya, Malakas Betlee' hoolaanh, Kalayaan Neelnohulno, Kalurugan Hoozoonh ts'e kk'ohoo'oyh, Jabari Valentino, Tala Nodovedee'onh, Tamani Dawn, and Keilani Simone.

> Kevin Leo Yabut Nadal Allyson Tintiangco-Cubales E. J. R. David